



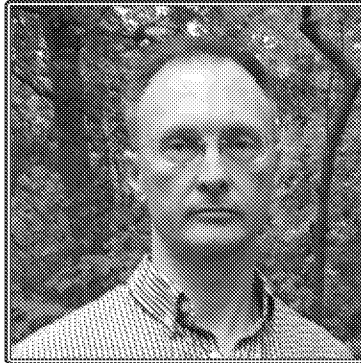
American Water Works
Association

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Webinar Info AWWA will complete

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Introduction to PFOA/PFOS Health Advisory



Steve Via
Director, Federal Relations
American Water Works Association



Rationale

The
Intercept_

WITH NEW EPA ADVISORY, DOZENS OF COMMUNITIES SUDDENLY HAVE DANGEROUS DRINKING WATER

Sharon Lerner

May 18 2016, 2:36 p.m.



<https://theintercept.com/2016/05/19/with-new-pfoa-drinking-water-advisory-dozens-of-communities-suddenly-have-dangerous-water/>

Learning Objectives

- Explain why EPA issued PFC health advisories.
- Discuss implications of PFC health advisories for your water system.



Agenda

- What compounds are being managed?
- What got us to where we are today?
- What is the PFC health advisory?
- What are the implications of the PFC health advisory?



Which Compounds?

Perfluoroalkyl carboxylic acids (PFCAs)

Individual chemical name	Acronym	UCMR
Perfluorobutanoic acid	PFBA	
Perfluoropentanoic acid	PFPeA	
Perfluorohexanoic acid	PFHxA	
Perfluoroheptanoic acid	PFHpA	x
Perfluorooctanoic acid	PFOA	x
Perfluorononanoic acid	PFNA	x
Perfluorodecanoic acid	PFDA	
Perfluorundecanoic acid	PFUnA	
Perfluorododecanoic acid	PFDoA	
Perfluorotridecanoic acid	PFTrDA	
Perfluorohexadecanoic acid	PFHxDA	
Perfluorooctadecanoic acid	PFOcDA	

Perfluoroalkyl sulfonic acids (PFSA's)

Individual chemical name	Acronym	UCMR
Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid	PFBS	x
Perfluoropentane sulfonic acid	PFPeS	
Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid	PFHxS	x
Perfluoroheptane sulfonic acid	PFHpS	
Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid	PFOS	x
Perfluorononane sulfonic acid	PFNS	x



Source: Adapted from ASTDR, The family tree of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS)

Historical Context

1947	3M begins manufacturing PFOA	2009	Provisional drinking water health advisories for PFOA and PFOS (0.4 and 0.2 µg/L, respectively)
1951	Dupont begins to use PFOA to manufacture Teflon	2009	Superfund soil screening levels for PFOA and PFOS (60 and 6 mg/kg, respectively)
1970	Air Force began using aqueous film forming foam to fight petroleum fires	2012	C8 Science Panel Probable Link Report
2000	3M announces phaseout of 13 PFCs including PFOA and PFOS	2015	Hoosick Falls Do Not Drink Order
2001	Dupont consent decree (WV and OH)	2016	Final Drinking water health advisories for PFOA and PFOS (combined 0.07 ng/L)
2006	PFAS Global Stewardship Program	2016	Health Canada Consultation Draft PFOA and PFOS Guideline with MACs (0.2 and 0.6 µg/L, respectively)
2002	TSCA PFAS Significant New Use Rules		
2007	TSCA expanded PFAS Significant New Use Rule		



2001 Dupont Consent Decree – C8 (PFOA) > 14 ppb and Dupont must provide alternative water
SNUR for 13 initial PFAS chemicals and another 75

2009 Provisional health advisories

https://archive.epa.gov/pesticides/region4/water/documents/web/pdf/2009_01_15_criteria_drinking_pha-pfoa_pfes.pdf

2009 Screening levels

https://archive.epa.gov/pesticides/region4/water/documents/web/pdf/final_pfc_soil_screening_values11_20_09.pdf

SNUR another 183 PFAS chemicals

By the end of 2007 TSCA is being used to limit use of 271 perfluoroalkane sulfonates

Probably Link Report -- http://www.c8sciencepanel.org/prob_link.html

Science Panel concluded that there was a Probable Link to C8 exposure: diagnosed high cholesterol, ulcerative colitis, thyroid disease, testicular cancer, kidney cancer, and pregnancy-induced hypertension

PFAS Stewardship Program

Participating Manufacturer	2006 - 2013 % Reduction in Product Content	2013 All Releases to Environment from US Manufacture
Arkema	96 – 100%	<2,000 kg
Asahi	100%	0
BASF Corporation	100%	NA
Clariant	NA	NA
Daikin	100%	0
DuPont	99%	90 (Precursor release is CBI)
3M/Dyneon	100%	0
Solvay Solexis	>99.9999%	0

Source: <https://www.epa.gov/assessing-and-managing-chemicals-under-tsca/20102015-pfoa-stewardship-program-2014-annual-progress#background>

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Baseline year 2006

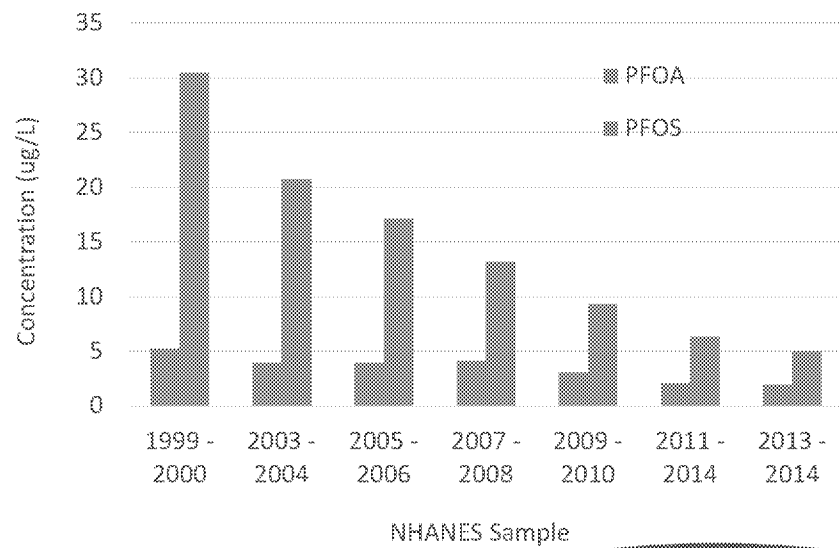
Latest report 2014 for 2013

Global stewardship program

Eliminate production by 2015

Human Exposure

Geometric Mean U.S. Blood Serum Levels

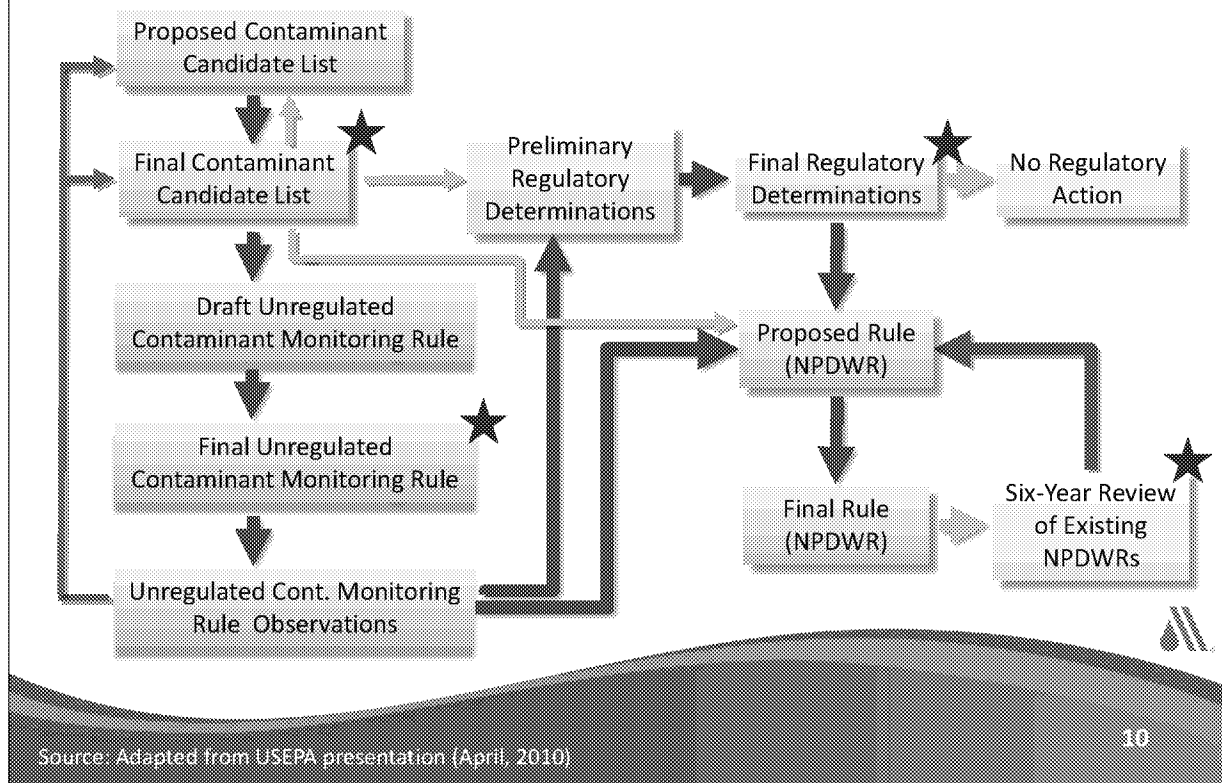


Source: Fourth National Report on Human Exposure to Environmental Chemicals Updated Tables, January 2017, Volume One

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Baseline year 2006
Latest report 2014 for 2013
Global stewardship program
Eliminate production by 2015

SDWA Processes



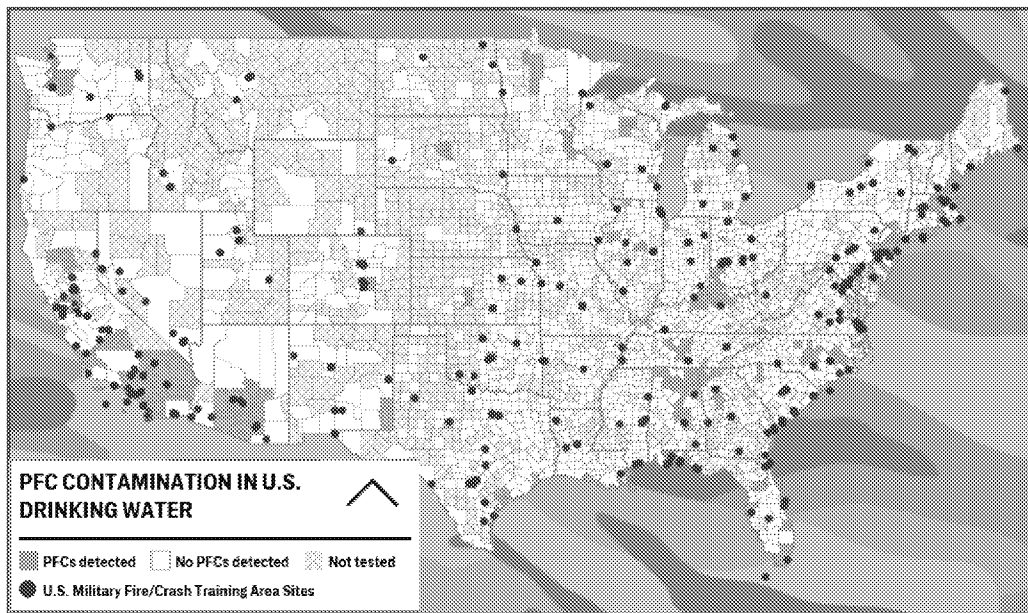
Third UCMR

PFAS	MRL (ug/L)	Ref. Conc. (ug/L)	Number of Results	Number of results > MRL	Number of results > Ref. Conc.	Total number of PWSs with results	Number of PWSs with results > MRL	Number of PWSs with results > Ref. Conc.	% of PWSs with results > Ref. Conc.
PFOS	0.04	0.07	36,972	292	124	4,920	95	46	0.9%
PFOA	0.02	0.07	36,972	379	32	4,920	117	13	0.3%
PFNA	0.02	NA	36,972	19	--	4,920	14	--	--
PFHxS	0.03	NA	36,971	207	--	4,920	55	--	--
PFHpA	0.01	NA	36,972	236	--	4,920	86	--	--
PFBS	0.09	NA	36,972	19	--	4,920	8	--	--



PFOS and PFOA on CCL3

DOD Actively Searching



Source: Adapted from "Poisoning the Well" The Intercept, December, 2015,
<https://theintercept.com/2015/12/16/toxic-firefighting-foam-has-contaminated-u-s-drinking-water-with-pfcs/>

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PFOS and PFOA on CCL3

EPA Health Advisories

- PFOA and PFOS
- 70 ng/L
- Individual or cumulative exposure
- Short-term exposure



What Changed?

Provisional Advisory

- BMDL10 in the Lau et al. (2006) study was 0.46 mg/kg/day for increase in maternal liver weight at term
- Drinking water intake of 10-kg child consuming 1 L/day
- Uncertainty factor of 2430 to cover differences in the ways humans and rodents respond to the PFOA
- 20% relative source contribution

Final Advisory

- Developmental endpoint with PFOA RfD of 0.00002 mg/kg/day
- Drinking water intake and body weight parameters for lactating women in the calculation of a lifetime HA
- Uncertainty factor of 300 to cover extrapolation from a LOAEL to a NOAEL, variability in the human population, and differences in the ways humans and rodents respond to the PFOA
- 20% relative source contribution

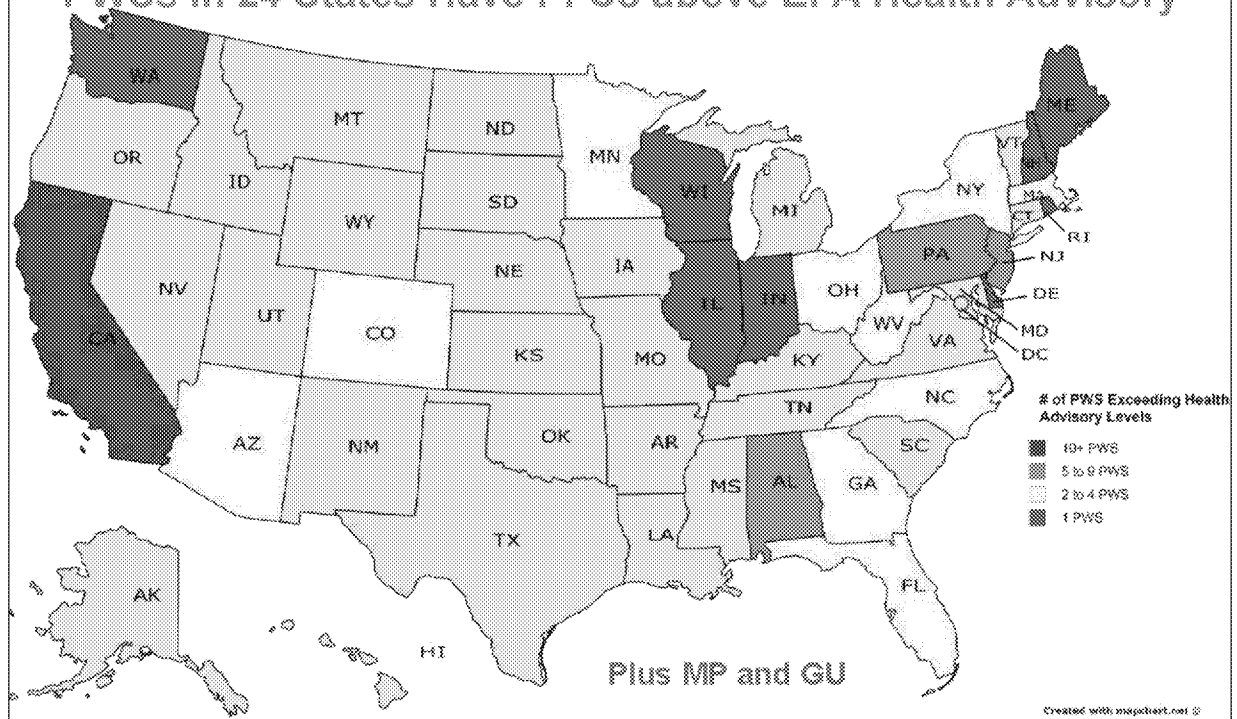


If PFOA or PFOS is Observed

1. Additional sampling to assess the level, scope and localized source of contamination
2. If levels are above 70 ng/L
 - Promptly notify their primacy agency
 - Provide consumers with information on levels, hazard, and risk reduction steps (use alternative water source)
3. Reduce exposure
 - Close well
 - Blend
 - Treatment (e.g., granular activated carbon)



PWSs in 24 States Have PFCs above EPA Health Advisory



Source: Adapted from "PFAS Monitoring in a Post Health Advisory World – What Should We Be Doing" (Andrew Eaton, WQTC, November, 2016)

EPA has set two health advisories (70 ng/L, cumulatively PFOS and PFOA)

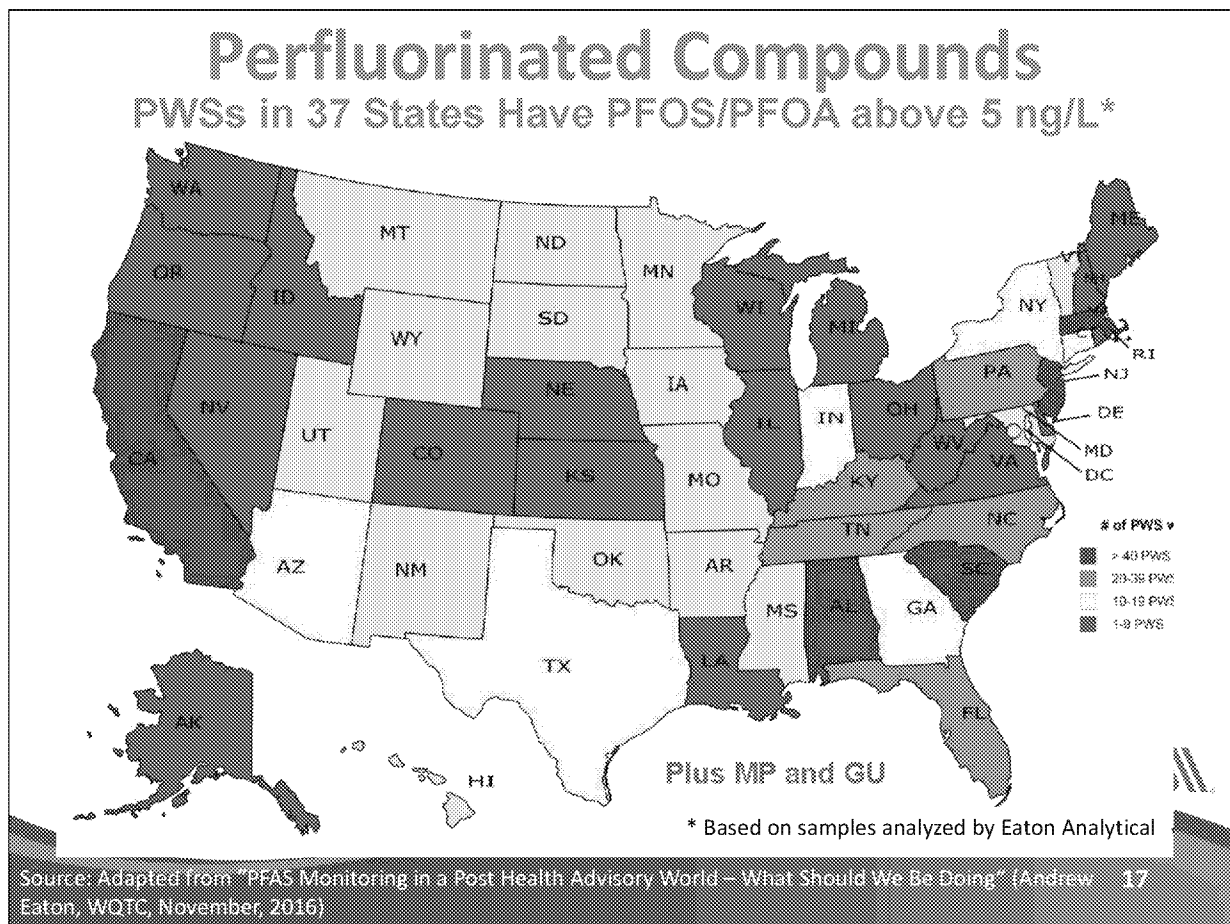
Presumably related compounds have similar health consequences and would also be summed.

UCMR3 included monitoring for six perfluorinated compounds ... EPA Method 537 can quantitate 12.

Manufacturers transitioned to other related compounds with similar chemical functionality.

DOD is currently monitoring for 24 compounds.

Individual states, like VT, NJ have set or are contemplating lower advisory levels.



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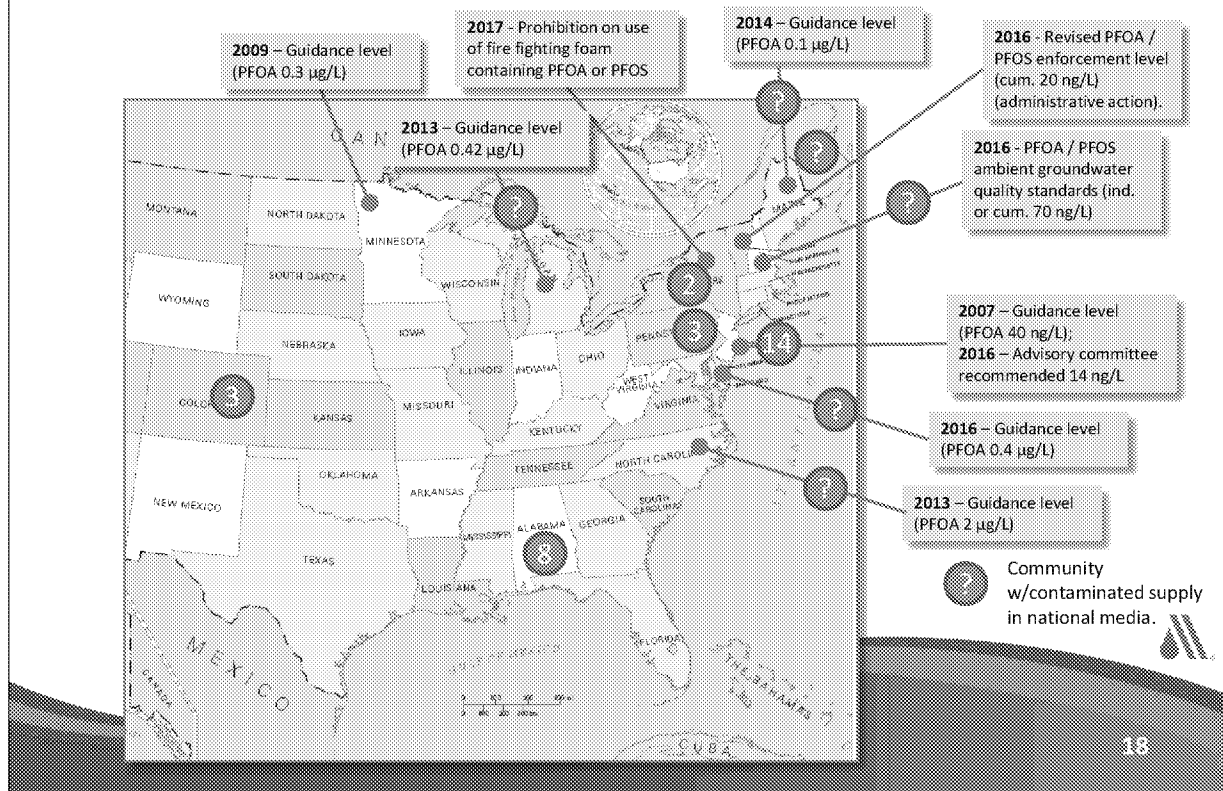
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Example State Actions

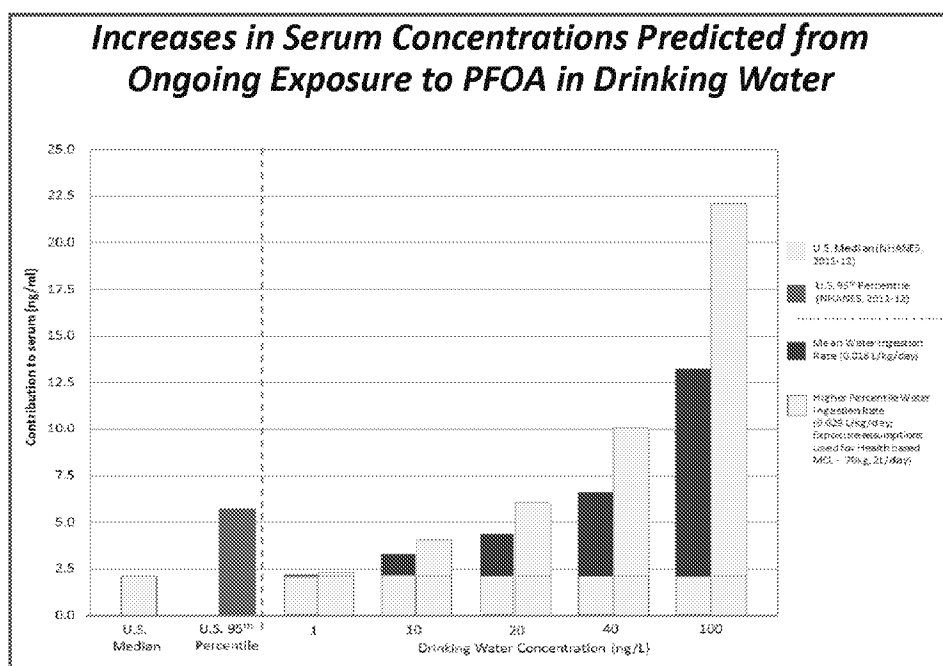


NY prohibition on FFF - <http://www.dec.ny.gov/regulations/104968.html>

NH GW - <http://www.des.nh.gov/media/pr/2016/20160531-pfoa-standard.htm>

MN, Historical NJ - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfluorooctanoic_acid#cite_note-17

Health Advisory Low Enough?



Source: New Jersey Drinking Water Quality Institute Health Effects Subcommittee, Health-based Maximum Contaminant Level Support Document: Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA), Sept. 2016

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Recommendation in NJ is for a 14 ng/L MCL based on relative liver weight and lifetime cancer risk of 10^{-6}

Deciding to Regulate

... The Administrator shall, ... determines that— (i) the contaminant **may have an adverse effect on the health of persons;**

(ii) ... known to occur or there is a **substantial likelihood that the contaminant will occur** ...

(iii) ...presents a **meaningful opportunity for health risk reduction** ...

...**Use of science** in decision making.

... shall ensure ... presentation of information on public health effects is comprehensive, informative, and understandable. ...

(C) Health risk reduction and cost analysis.— ...

(II) Quantifiable and nonquantifiable health risk reduction benefits for which there is an actual basis in the rulemaking record ...

(III) Quantifiable and nonquantifiable costs for which there is a factual basis in the rulemaking record

... analysis of the health risk reduction benefits and costs likely to be experienced as the result of compliance with the treatment technique and alternative treatment techniques that are being considered, ...

